#### Nathalie Römer

Königsworther Platz 1 | D-30167 Hanover roemer@inec.uni-hannover.de
Citizenship: German
Date of birth: 10.07.1995
nathalie-romer.com

#### **Education**

10/2019 - present	PhD Candidate, Leibniz University of Hanover Supervisor: Marina Schröder
10/2017 - 09/2019	Master in Quantitative Economics (research master), LMU Munich
04/2014 - 05/2017	B.Sc. Economics, LMU Munich
10/2013 - 06/2016	B.A. Sociology, LMU Munich

#### Research interests

Behavioral and Experimental economics, Innovation economics

#### Research

#### Working papers

"Effects of written self-promotions on gender bias and decision quality" with Marina Schröder

Abstract: Written self-promotion is crucial in numerous decision-making scenarios, including job applications, securing funds for start-ups, or academic grant proposals. In two experiments, we study the effects of written self-promotions agents provide to decision-makers on decision quality and gender bias. We show that providing such self-promotions slightly improves decision quality. Concerning gender bias, we find that self-promotions do not induce a gender bias that harms women. Moreover, the provision of self-promotions can even eliminate pre-existing gender bias when no other performance signals are available.

"Piece-rate incentives and idea generation - An experimental analysis" with Kathrina Laske and Marina Schröder ([link to code])

Abstract: Understanding how organizational design affects idea generation is key to fostering innovation. In the context of idea generation, incentives may impact how hard ideators work (effort) and the types of ideas generated. We introduce two versions of a novel experimental task to quantify both of these effects. We show that piece-rate (PR) incentives increase the number of innovative ideas generated. Incentives lead to an increase in effort provision and a shift toward generating ideas that require less time in the realization. If anything, aligning incentives more closely to the desirable outcomes mitigates the effect of PR incentives on idea generation.

"A single voice is not enough: Evidence on female representation on expert panels in startup pitching contests" with Richard Bläse (currently updating with new data)

Abstract: This study explores the dynamics of gender bias in expert panels using data from university-based startup-pitching contexts. Experts on these panels are primarily professional investors and assess a series of startups to determine contest winners. Our results indicate evidence for peer effects among such panels. First, we find that in-group bias with respect to gender in evaluations depends on the share of in-group experts on the panel. Second, observing dynamics in evaluations, we can show that evaluations change, once experts are exposed to the opinions of their fellow panelists. We document gender differences in both effects, highlighting the relevance of the design of such evaluation processes for gender biases.

#### Work in progress

"The effect of advice on self-evaluation" with Marina Schröder (draft in preparation)

Abstract: We experimentally examine how different advice formats affect self-evaluations. We find that advice given based on noisy performance signals increases self-evaluations and success of high-performers while reducing success for low-performers. Both genders respond similarly to proactive advice, given before self-evaluation. However, reactive advice—given after a preliminary self-evaluation—has stronger effects on women. Consequently, high-performing women benefit from advice more than men, whereas low-performing women are disadvantaged. Effects differ due to asymmetric reactions to advice by men. Thus, while reactive advice promotes high-performing women when performance signals are accurate, it disproportionately harms them when misclassified.

"It's a match! Team composition and performance in innovation-related tasks" with Joshua Graff-Zivin (draft in preparation)

Abstract: We provide causal evidence of the effect of social connections on team formation preferences and team performance in an innovation-related task. Using a novel experimental design, we induce social connection in a large-scale online study via a short 2 minute video conversation. We can show that workers prefer to form a team with a lower-skilled worker they have communicated with prior to the team task than with higher-skilled workers they have not spoken to. This affects skill composition and social closeness within teams formed based on workers' preferences. By examining team performance, we show that while social interaction can improve performance, preference-based matching offsets better outcomes. Our findings imply that self-formed teams may be configured sub-optimally as they can be biased by social connections.

"Group decisions" with Alex Chan and Melisa Kurtis (draft in preparation)

Abstract: Group decision-making is crucial in economic decisions, such as in corporate boards, research consortia, and hiring committees. We experimentally investigate the effects of diversity in priors and input aggregation mechanism on team performance in an estimation task. Groups in our experiment share the common objective to accurately estimate the "type" of an imperfectly observed candidate. First, we exogenously vary group member priors and group (prior) diversity. We find that fully diverse groups make more accurate estimations than partially diverse or homogenous groups. Second, we vary the format of decision-making. The findings reveal that performance and benefits of diversity both depend on the group decision-making format. Group deliberation via online chat reduces accuracy. Initial speakers bias the group's estimation towards their own priors, but first speakers with minority views (of priors) lead to more accurate group estimations.

"The effect of affirmative action on self-promotion" (currently piloting) with Marina Schröder

Abstract: Prior literature has shown that affirmative action can affect effort choices, investments tournament entries or unethical behavior towards peers. In an experimental study, we seek to investigate effects of affirmative action on self-promotion. We systematically vary the disadvantage potentially affirmed individuals are facing, and whether affirmative action is in place or not. Aiming to understand whether affirmative action may lead to underinvestment in support, I assess impacts on willingness to pay for AI assistance in revising self-promotions. With these results, I aim to shed light on potential side effects of affirmative action for affirmed individuals and to current debates on the effectiveness of such policies.

#### References

Prof. Marina Schröder Leibniz University Hannover, schroeder@inec.uni-hannover.de

Prof. Alex Chan Harvard University, achan@hbs.edu
Prof. Joshua Graff-Zivin UC San Diego, jgraffzivin@ucsd.edu

#### **Research Visits**

2025 (planned) Harvard University (Host: Alex Chan)

## Conferences, Workshops and Invited Talks

2021 ESA Global Online Around-the-Clock Meeting, GfeW (Magdeburg)

2022 LESSAC Seminar (Dijon), ASFEE (Lyon), Brown Bag Seminar of the Organiza-

tional Economics Chair at LMU (Munich), ESA Europe (Bologna), Conference on Field Experiments in Strategy (London), 2nd Berlin Workshop on Empirical Public

Economics: Gender Economics (Berlin)

2023 COPE (Amsterdam), Maastricht University Center of Neuroeconomics, EEA

(Barcelona), Verein für Socialpolitik (Regensburg), RISE Workshop (Munich)

2024 GfeW (Cologne)

#### **Summer Schools and other courses**

2020 Behavioral Experiments Online: An oTree Programming Workshop (Hannover)
2021 JGU Summer School "Advanced Methods in Behavioral Economics" (Mainz)
2022 Spring School in Behavioural Economics (San Diego), LEOH - Lectures on the Eco-

nomics of Organizations and Human Resources (Frankfurt), Economics of Ideas,

Science, and Innovation Online PhD Course (Institute of Progress)

## **Teaching**

Winter term 2019/20 Tutorial Introduction to Innovation Economics (Bachelor), Seminar Innovation Eco-

nomics (Bachelor), Seminar Applied Economics (Master), supervision of bachelor

theses

Summer term 2020 Tutorial Incentives to Innovate (Master), Seminar Innovation Economics (Bachelor),

Seminar Applied Economics (Master), supervision of bachelor theses

Winter term 2020/21 Tutorial Introduction to Innovation Economics (Bachelor), Seminar Innovation Eco-

nomics (Bachelor), Seminar Applied Economics (Master), supervision of bachelor

theses

Summer term 2021 Tutorial Incentives to Innovate (Master), Seminar Innovation Economics (Bache-

lor), Seminar Accounting, Taxation and Innovation (Master), Seminar Ethics and

Economics (Master), supervision of bachelor theses

Summer term 2022 Tutorial Incentives to Innovate (Master), Seminar Ethics and Economics (Master),

supervision of bachelor- and master theses

Winter term 2022/23 Tutorial Introduction to Innovation Economics (Bachelor), Seminar Innovation Re-

search (Master), supervision of bachelor- and master theses

Summer term 2023 Seminar Ethics and Economics (Master), Bachelorseminar Innovation Economics,

supervision of bachelor- and master theses

Winter term 2023/24 Lecture Introduction to Innovation Economics (Bachelor), supervision of bachelor-

and master theses

### **Professional activities**

Member of the Management Science Reproducibility Collaboration:

Fišar, M., Greiner, B., Huber, C., Katok, E., Ozkes, A. I., and Management Science Reproducibility Collaboration. (2023). Reproducibility in management science. Management Science.

# **Other Employment**

10/2016 - 09/2019	Research Assistant, Max-Planck-Institute for Innovation and Competition (Dietmar Harhoff), Munich
09/2016 - 10/2019	Research Assistant, Chair of Organizational Economics (chair of Florian Englmaier), LMU Munich
10/2013 - 06/2016	Working Student (Executive Research), Signium GmbH, Munich
08/2014 - 10/2014	Student Assistant, Institute for Human Capital Management (chair of Ingo Weller), LMU Munich

## Other

Programming Python, Otree, STATA, R, Javascript, HTML, Latex

Languages German (native), English (fluent), Romanian (fluent), Spanish (B2), French (B1)